

ES Phrase Dictionary and Study Guide

Danish

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A FEW WORDS FROM CHARLES BERLITZ WORLD FAMOUS LINGUIST

Let me introduce you to the cassette course you have chosen to study. In it you will find the basic phrases needed for communication in this language. There are two important things to remember about learning a new language:

Be interested in the people, their country and language. Want to learn the language.

Practice it as often as you can. Nothing is more effective in creating a friendly atmosphere and nothing flatters people more than when a foreigner tries to speak their language.

The voice on these cassettes will say a phrase in English. Then you will hear the translation of the phrase repeated twice. During the pause after the second repetition, repeat the phrase aloud. Try to imitate the pronunciation as nearly as you can.

Read the words as they are spoken on the cassette and use the guide to help you remember the words and pronounce them during the pauses. Remember, knowing the language is the best way of knowing the country and enjoying it more.

Charles Berlitz

LANGUAGE/30

Educational Services

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Read the introduction before turning on cassette SIDE 1.

INTRODUCTION

Danish is the native language of 5,000,000 people in Denmark. It is also spoken in the Faeroe Islands as well as in North America, where it is the official language of Greenland. In the United States, over 400,000 people speak Danish. If you speak Danish, you will be understood in other Scandinavian languages, especially Norwegian.

LANGUAGE/30 DANISH will furnish you with the basic phrases needed to communicate in Danish—what you wish to say, and what you can expect in reply. The phrases you hear on the cassettes will enable you to make yourself understood so that you can get what you want, find your way about, and make friends in Denmark. The phrases on the cassettes are short, easy to repeat and memorize, and they are the phrases that Danish people use many times daily.

The number of words and phrases are surprisingly small and the vocabulary of this cassette course stresses these. Repetition of these key phrases will give you an instinctive grasp of how Danish is constructed and you can make new sentences as you learn new words. You will discover that with simply listening, reading, and repeating the Danish sounds, you will get a head start in speaking modern idiomatic Danish.

When you turn on the first cassette, you will hear English phrases immediately translated into Danish, repeated twice, and followed by a pause. During the pause, say the Danish words aloud. *Remember*, you can always stop the cassette and replay any phrase you feel unsure about. *Just listening is not enough.* You must repeat the words and phrases as often as possible. Say the words aloud many times to impress them on your memory. The Danish phrases are spoken at normal conversational speed and you should practice repeating them at the same speed.

Testing shows that a word *spoken* 10 to 20 times will impress itself on the conscious mind more readily than a word *seen* 50 to 100 times. When the two systems are combined, as in this course, you will be surprised at the ease with which you acquire a whole new vocabulary.

PRONUNCIATION HINTS

You will notice that Danish words are usually stressed on the first syllable, and that certain letters are silent, depending on their position in the word. Certain signs over or through letters change the pronunciation.

The *ø* has the sound of the *u* in *fur*.

The *å* is pronounced *oh*.

The *æ* is pronounced like the *æ* in *aerial*.

The letter *d* is almost silent at the end of a syllable. It sometimes sounds like a slight *th*.

The *y* is said like *ee* with the lips pursed.

The *j* is said like *y* as in *yet*.

Now proceed with the book and *turn on cassette side 1*. As soon as you are familiar with the cassette tape, put the book aside and practice repeating each phrase aloud in the pause provided after the Danish phrase is repeated for the second time.

② GENERAL EXPRESSIONS

SALUTATIONS

ENGLISH	DANISH
Good morning Mr. Jensen.	God morgen Hr. Jensen.
Good evening Mr. Jensen.	God aften Hr. Jensen.
Good night Mr. Jensen.	God nat Hr. Jensen.
How do you do?	Hvordan har De det?
Ladies and gentlemen.	Mine damer og herrer.
I am very pleased to meet you.	Jeg er meget glad for at træffe Dem.
Thank you.	Tak.
Thank you very much.	Mange tak.
Please.	Værsågod.
Good-by.	Farvel.

VISITS AND INTRODUCTIONS

④ Do you know him?	Kender De ham?
Allow me to introduce him.	Må jeg præsentere ham for Dem.
Allow me to introduce her.	Må jeg præsentere hende for Dem.
Allow me to introduce myself.	Må jeg præsentere mig.
May I ask who you are?	Hvad er Deres navn?
⑤ Here is my card.	Her er mit kort.
How do you do.	Hvordan har De det?
I am pleased to meet you.	Det glæder mig at gøre Deres bekendtskab.
Are you Mr. Hansen?	Er De Hr. Hansen?
Where are you from?	Hvor er De fra?
⑥ I am from	Jeg er fra
Where do you live?	Hvor bor De?
How is your son?	Hvordan har Deres søn det?

ENGLISH	DANISH
Your daughter?	Deres datter?
How is your family?	Hvordan har Deres familie det?
⑦ How is your father?	Hvordan har Deres far det?
How is your mother?	Hvordan har Deres mor det?
How is your husband?	Hvordan har Deres mand det?
How is your wife?	Hvordan har Deres kone det?
Do you speak English?	Taler De engelsk?
⑧ Yes, a little.	Ja, lidt.
I don't speak your language well.	Jeg taler ikke Deres sprog godt.
Please speak slowly.	Vær så venlig at tale langsomt.
Please repeat.	Vær så venlig at gentage.
I beg your pardon.	Undskyld.
⑨ Excuse me for interrupting.	Undskyld, jeg afbryder.
Would you please come to my house on Sunday?	Vil De ikke komme og besøge os på søndag?
⑩ breakfast	morgenmad
lunch	frokost
tea	te
cocktails	cocktails
dinner	middag
⑪ Is Mrs. Petersen at home?	Er fru Petersen hjemme?
When will she be back?	Hvornår kommer hun tilbage?
Please come in.	Vær så venlig at komme indenfor.
Please be seated.	Vær så venlig at sætte Dem ned.
Will you have a cigarette?	Vil De ikke have en cigaret?
⑫ You are welcome.	Værsgod.
May I offer you <u>something to eat</u> ?	Må jeg byde Dem, <u>noget at spise</u> ?
<u>something to drink</u>	<u>noget at drikke</u>

ENGLISH	DANISH
Do you like tea?	Kan De lide te?
I like coffee.	Jeg kan godt lide kaffe.
⑬ It has been a long time since I saw you last.	Det er længe siden vi har set hinanden.
Please remember me to your family.	Hils Deres familie.
Please come again.	Kom snart igen.
Good-by, I had a delightful time.	Farvel, jeg havde det dejligt.
INQUIRIES ON THE STREET	
⑭ Where is the pharmacy?	Hvor er apoteket?
Is this the way to the <u>business district</u> ?	Er dette vejen til <u>forretnings-</u>
(the) bank	<u>kvarteret</u> ?
(the) church	banken
the American Embassy	kirken
(the) department store	Den amerikanske Ambassade
(the) police station	stormagasinet
(the) railroad station	politistationen
	banegården
Please show me on this map.	Vær så venlig at vise mig på dette kort.
What is the name of this street?	Hvad hedder denne gade?
EVERYDAY EXPRESSIONS	
⑯ Yes.	Ja.
No.	Nej.
Please.	Værsgod.
Excuse me.	Undskyld.
Is that so?	Virkelig?
⑰ Thank you very much.	Mange tak.
You are welcome.	Værsgod.
I am sorry.	Jeg er ked af det.

ENGLISH	DANISH
<i>I think so.</i>	Det tror jeg nok.
<i>I don't think so.</i>	Det tror jeg ikke.
⑱ <i>Good luck.</i>	Held og lykke.
<i>Can you get an interpreter?</i>	Kan De finde en tolk?
<i>What is this?</i>	Hvad er dette?
<i>What is that?</i>	Hvad er det?
<i>Where is the toilet?</i>	Hvor er toilettet?
⑲ <i>Please show me.</i>	Vil De være så venlig at vise mig det.
<i>Please write it.</i>	Vær så venlig at skrive det.
<i>Please draw a picture of it.</i>	Vær så venlig at tegne et billede af det.
<i>Which way shall we go?</i>	Hvilken vej skal vi gå?
⑳ <i>We want to see the city.</i>	Vi vil gerne se byen.
<i>I am in a hurry.</i>	Jeg har travlt.
<i>Is this the shortest way?</i>	Er dette den korteste vej?

㉑ PERSONAL NEEDS

SIDE 2

FOOD

<i>Where is the market?</i>	Hvor er forretningerne?
<i>Where is the green-grocer?</i>	Hvor er grønthandleren?
<i>Where can I buy meat?</i>	Hvor kan jeg købe kød?
<i>May I have ...</i>	Må jeg få ...
㉒ <i>apples</i>	æbler
<i>bananas</i>	bananer
<i>beans</i>	bønner
<i>bean soup</i>	bønnesuppe
<i>beefsteak</i>	engelsk bøf
<i>beer</i>	øl
㉓ <i>bottled drinking water</i>	vand på flasker
<i>bread</i>	brød
<i>butter</i>	smør
<i>cabbage</i>	kål

ENGLISH	DANISH
㉔ <i>cake</i>	kage
<i>cheese</i>	ost
<i>candy</i>	slik
<i>cherries</i>	kirsebær
<i>chicken</i>	kylling
<i>chocolate</i>	chokolade
㉕ <i>clams</i>	muslinger
<i>cocoanut</i>	kokosnød
<i>coffee</i>	kaffe
<i>cream</i>	fløde
<i>dates</i>	dadler
㉖ <i>distilled water</i>	destilleret vand
<i>eggs</i>	æg
<i>fish</i>	fisk
<i>fruit jelly</i>	rødgrød
<i>grapes</i>	vindruer
㉗ <i>herring</i>	sild
<i>lamb</i>	lam
<i>lemons</i>	citroner
<i>lettuce</i>	salat
㉘ <i>lobster</i>	hummer
<i>meat</i>	kød
<i>meatballs</i>	frikadeller
<i>milk</i>	mælk
<i>oranges</i>	appelsiner
㉙ <i>oysters</i>	østers
<i>peaches</i>	ferskner
<i>pears</i>	pærer
<i>pineapples</i>	ananas
<i>plums</i>	blommer
㉚ <i>pork</i>	svinekød
<i>potatoes</i>	kartofler
<i>rice</i>	ris
<i>shrimps</i>	rejer
<i>soda water</i>	sodavand
㉛ <i>soup</i>	suppe
<i>string beans</i>	grønne bønner
<i>tea</i>	te
<i>tomatoes</i>	tomater
<i>turnips</i>	roer
<i>vegetables</i>	grønsager

AT THE AMUSEMENT PLACES

㉜ <i>Where is the theatre?</i>	Hvor ligger teatret?
<i>movies</i>	biograf

ENGLISH	DANISH
Two tickets, please.	Må jeg få to billetter.
This is a good seat.	Det er en god plads.
33 Please reserve two tickets for Friday.	Vær så venlig at reservere to billetter til på fredag.
At what time does the play begin?	Hvornår begynder stykket?
Where is the football park?	Hvor er fodbold-parken?
Where is the dance hall?	Hvor kan man gå hen og danse?
Where is there a cabaret?	Hvor kan vi se en cabaret?

AT THE HOTEL

34 Where is the hotel?	Hvor ligger hotellet?
What is the price per day?	Hvad koster det per dag?
What is the price for a week?	Hvad koster det om ugen?
What is the price for a month?	Hvad koster det om måneden?
35 Have you a room with a bath or shower?	Har De et værelse med karbad eller brusebad?
Have you an air-conditioned room?	Har De et luftafkølet værelse?
I want a <u>better</u> room. cheaper larger more quiet smaller	Jeg ønsker et <u>bedre</u> værelse. billigere større roligere mindre
36 I want hot water.	Jeg ønsker varmt vand.
I want <u>ice water</u> . a pillow a towel soap toilet paper another blanket	Jeg ønsker <u>isvand</u> . en pude et håndklæde sæbe toiletpapir et tæppe til
38 Please wake me at 6 A.M.	Vær så venlig at vække mig klokken seks.

ENGLISH	DANISH
Where is the bathroom? barber shop hairdresser	Hvor er badeværelset? barbersalonen frisøren
39 Please have these clothes washed.	Vær så venlig at lade dette tøj vaske.
When can I have them back?	Hvornår kan jeg få det tilbage?
40 I want a key to the room.	Jeg vil gerne have en nøgle til værelset.
I am leaving tomorrow.	Jeg rejser i morgen.
I want to speak to the manager.	Jeg vil gerne tale med inspektøren.
41 Here is my new address.	Her er min nye adresse.
Please forward my mail.	Vær så venlig at videresende min post.
May I have my bill, please.	Må jeg bede om min regning.
42 Please call a taxi.	Vær så venlig at skaffe mig en taxa.

AT THE RESTAURANT

Where is a good restaurant?	Hvor er der en god restaurant?
May I see the menu?	Må jeg se menukortet?
43 Please bring a cup. a fork a glass a knife a plate a spoon tea pepper salt sugar vinegar bread and butter	Må jeg bede om en kop. en gaffel et glas en kniv en tallerken en ske te peber salt sukker eddike brød og smør
44	
45 Please bring me the bill.	Vær så venlig at bringe mig regningen.

46 TIME, NUMBERS, COLORS

ENGLISH	DANISH
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DAYS OF THE WEEK

Monday	mandag
Tuesday	tirsdag
Wednesday	onsdag
Thursday	torsdag
Friday	fredag
Saturday	lørdag
Sunday	søndag
everyday	hverdag
today	i dag
tomorrow	i morgen
yesterday	i går
this week	denne uge
next week	næste uge
last week	sidste uge

MONTHS OF THE YEAR

SIDE 3

January	januar
February	februar
March	marts
April	april
May	maj
June	juni
July	juli
August	august
September	september
October	oktober
November	november

ENGLISH	DANISH
December	december
this month	denne måned
next month	næste måned
last month	sidste måned

SEASON—WEATHER

spring	forår
summer	sommer
autumn	efterår
winter	vinter
How is the weather today?	Hvordan er vejret i dag?
How will the weather be tomorrow?	Hvordan vil vejret blive i morgen?
beautiful weather	smukt vejr
clear	klart
cloudy	skyet
cool	koldt
foggy	tåget
It is raining.	det regner
It is snowing.	det sner
It is hailing.	det hagler
It is thundering.	det tordner
It is lightning.	det lyner
windy	blæsende
nice day	dejlig dag
rain	regn
wind	blæst
snow	snevejr
thunder	tordnvej
hail	haglvejr
sun	sol
cloud	sky

TIME

minute	minut
second	sekund
hour	time
one second	et sekund

ENGLISH	DANISH
two seconds	to sekunder
58 ten seconds	ti sekunder
one hour	en time
two hours	to timer
five hours	fem timer
59 one minute	et minut
ten minutes	ti minutter
twenty minutes	tyve minutter
thirty minutes	tredive minutter
60 What time is it now?	Hvad er klokken nu?
It is nine o'clock.	Klokken er ni.
It is twenty minutes before ten o'clock.	Klokken er tyve minutter i ti.
61 It is fifteen minutes past eleven.	Klokken er et kvarter over elleve.
It is half past two.	Klokken er halv to.

NUMBERS

62 one	en
two	to
three	tre
four	fire
five	fem
63 six	seks
seven	syv
eight	otte
nine	ni
ten	ti
64 eleven	elleve
twelve	tolv

ENGLISH	DANISH
thirteen	tretten
fourteen	fjorten
fifteen	femten
65 sixteen	seksten
seventeen	sytten
eighteen	atten
nineteen	nitten
twenty	tyve
66 twenty-one	en og tyve
twenty-two	to og tyve
twenty-three	tre og tyve
67 thirty	tredive
forty	fyrre
fifty	halvtreds
sixty	tres
68 seventy	halvfjerds
eighty	firs
ninety	halvfems
one hundred	hundrede
two hundred	to hundrede
one thousand	tusind

COLORS

69 What color is this?	Hvad farve er det?
red	rød
blue	blå
yellow	gul
white	hvid
black	sort
70 green	grøn
purple	lilla
brown	brun
rose	rosa
gray	grå

71 COMMUNICATIONS

ENGLISH

DANISH

AT THE POST OFFICE

Where is the post office? Hvor er posthuset?

Where can I mail this? Hvor kan jeg sende det fra?

72 I want to send this registered. air mail special delivery parcel post insured
Jeg vil gerne sende det anbefalet. luftpost ekspresbesørgelse pakkepost forsikret

73 May I have some postage stamps. Må jeg bede om nogle frimærker.

AT THE TELEGRAPH STATION

I want to send a telegram to the U.S.A. Jeg ønsker at sende et telegram til De Forenede Stater.

74 I want to send a day letter. night letter cablegram radiogram
Jeg ønsker at sende et telegram. brevtelegram telegram radiogram

75 How much will it cost? Hvor meget koster det?

I want to send some money to the U.S.A. Jeg ønsker at sende nogle penge til De Forenede Stater.

When will it arrive? Hvornår vil det ankomme?

AT THE TELEPHONE

76 Where is the telephone? Hvor er telefonen?

May I use your telephone? Må jeg låne Deres telefon?

Where is the telephone directory? Hvor er telefonbogen?

Will you please get this number for me? Vil De være så venlig at skaffe mig dette nummer?

77 What number are you calling? Hvilket nummer ønsker De?

ENGLISH

DANISH

Information, please. Oplysningen.

Long distance, please. Udenbys.

HANDLING MONEY

78 Where is the bank? Hvor ligger banken?

Please change this into smaller bills. Vil De være så venlig at veksle denne seddel til mindre sedler.

79 Please change this into coins. Vil De være så venlig at veksle dette til småpenge.

Please change this into Danish kroner. Vær så venlig at veksle dette til danske kroner.

80 What is the rate of exchange? Hvad er kursen?

Do you accept traveler's checks? credit cards? Tager De rejse checks? kreditkort?

AT CUSTOMS

81 Where is the customs? Hvor ligger toldkontoret?

This is my baggage. Det er min bagage.

I have nothing to declare. Jeg har intet at fortolde.

82 Is this duty-free? Er det toldfrit?

May I lock my trunk now? suitcase handbag Han jeg låse min kuffert nu? taske håndtaske

83 TRANSPORTATION

SIDE 4

MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION

Where can I find a bicycle? Hvor kan jeg finde en cykel?
boat båd
bus bus
car bil
horse hest

ENGLISH DANISH

RAILWAY TRAVEL

- 84 Where is the railway station? Hvor ligger banegården?
- Where is the information desk? Hvor er informationskontoret?
- Please give me the timetable. Vær så venlig at give mig togplanen.
- 85 How much is a first-class ticket to Korsør? Hvor meget koster en første klasses billet til Korsør?
second-class anden klasser
- Is this the train to Århus? Går dette tog til Århus?
- Is this an express train? Er det et ekspres tog?
- When does the train for Elsinore depart? Hvornår går toget til Helsingør?
- 86 Is there a dining car on this train? Er der en spisevogn i dette tog?
sleeping car sovevogn
smoking car vogn for rygere
- Is smoking permitted in this compartment? Er rygning tilladt i denne kupe?
- 87 What is the name of this place? Hvad hedder dette sted?
- How long does the train stop here? Hvor længe holder toget her?
- Take my baggage to a taxi. Tag min bagage til en taxa.
bus stop et busstoppested

AT THE AIRPORT

- 88 Where is the airport? Hvor ligger lufthavnen?
- How much does a taxi to the airport cost? Hvor meget koster en taxa til lufthavnen?
- Where is the passport and customs check point? Hvor ligger paskontoret og toldeftersynet?
- What time does the plane for Paris depart? Hvornår går flyvemaskinen til Paris?

ENGLISH DANISH

DRIVING AN AUTOMOBILE
(Road Conditions)

- 89 Do you know the road to the south? Kender De vejen sydpå?
- Is the road good? Er vejen god?
bad dårlig
passable nogenlunde
- Is the bridge safe? Er broen sikker?
- Where can we cross the strait? Hvor kan vi komme over sundet?
- Is there a ferry? Er der en færge?

DRIVING AN AUTOMOBILE
(Directions)

- 90 Which way is North? I hvilken retning ligger nord?
South syd
East øst
West vest
- 91 What town does this road lead to? Til hvilken by fører denne vej?
- How many kilometers is it to Gedser? Hvor mange kilometer er der til Gedser?
- Excuse me, I am lost; can you help me? Undskyld, jeg kan ikke finde vej; kan De hjælpe mig?
- 92 Can you guide me? Kan De vise mig vej?
- Please point. Vær så venlig og peg.
- Can you find me a guide? Kan De skaffe mig en fremmedfører?
- 93 What is the name of this street? Hvad hedder denne gade?
- Turn right. Drej til højre.
- Turn left. Drej til venstre.
- Go straight ahead. Gå lige ud.
- Where is the village? Hvor er landsbyen?

ENGLISH	DANISH
94 Is there a <u>gasoline pump</u> near here?	Er der en <u>benzintank</u> i nærheden?
a town	en by
a police station	en politistation
a river	en flod
a parking lot	en parkeringsplads
a well	en brønd
a railroad	en jernbane
a telephone	en telefon
an airport	en lufthavn
a superhighway	en hovedvej

AUTOMOBILE MAINTENANCE

96 Where can I find a garage?	Hvor finder jeg et automobilværksted?
Do you have parts for this car?	Har De reservedele til denne bil?
Where can I find a mechanic?	Hvor kan jeg finde en mekaniker?
Will you please repair the tire?	Vil De være så venlig at reparere dækket?
97 How much will the work cost?	Hvor meget kommer det til at koste?
This does not work.	Dette virker ikke.
When will it be ready?	Hvornår vil den vare færdig?
Thank you.	Mange tak.

SOCIAL CUSTOMS AND POLITE EXPRESSIONS

The many Danish words and phrases you have listened to on the cassettes and practiced saying can be varied to express all kinds of different meanings. Now you will be able to get along quite well in Danish, using the phrases you have learned in set patterns, without having to worry about grammar or sentence construction.

Besides these necessary words, however, there are other words—polite expressions and phrases that, spoken at the right time, will indicate that you know something about Danish culture. These are the “extra words” that Danes constantly use—that will stamp you as someone who understands and respects the social customs of the country. Use these extra words and the Danes will think of you as polite, charming, or as they say in Danish—*sympatisk*.

To acknowledge an introduction it is sufficient simply to say, “Good day”—*God dag*. “How are you?” is *Hvordan har De det?* and the reply is, “I am well, and how are you?”—*Jeg har det godt—og hvordan har De det?* Don’t forget to shake hands when greeting or leaving people. Danes shake hands very often in business and social life.

If you know a person’s family and wish to send them your regards, say “Many regards to your family”—*Mange hilsmer til Deres familie*; “. . . . to your wife”—*Til Deres kone*; “. . . . to your husband”—. . . . *til Deres mand*.

When someone does you a service besides saying, “Thanks”—*Tak* or “A thousand thanks”—*Tusind tak*, you might add, “It is very nice of you”—*Det er venligt af Dem*. If you are invited somewhere accept by saying, “Thanks for the invitation”—*Tak for invitationen*. When visiting someone’s home you will hear, “Come on in”—*Kom indenfor* and “Sit down”—*Sid ned*. To admire someone’s home you say, “You have such a beautiful house”—*Det er et dejlig hus De har*. If you meet your host’s young children, you can exclaim, “You have a charming child!” *Det er vel nok et sødt barn De har*. But follow the Danish custom and do not compliment a child in his presence. When you are invited to dinner compliment your hostess by saying, “This is excellent”—*Det er en dejlig middag*. When dinner is finished, as he gets up from the table, the guest says “Many thanks for the food”—*Tak for mad*, to which the host or hostess replies, “You are welcome”—*Velbekom*. And when you leave, remember to say, “Thanks for a pleasant evening”—*Tak for en dejlig aften!*

You should be ready to admire buildings, monuments, scenery and so forth with remarks like, “It’s wonderful”—*Det er smukt*, “That is very interesting”—*Det er meget interessant* or “It is fantastic”—*Det er fantastisk*.

If you step in front of someone, or must crowd into a seat

next to a person, beg their pardon by saying *Undskyld*. At a restaurant, call the waiter by saying *Tjener!* Be sure to try the delicious Danish open sandwiches. You can ask for them by saying, *Har De smørrebrød*. When you pay the bill and the waiter says *Tak* you should reply, "Thanks to yourself"—*Selvtak*.

When having a drink with a Danish friend say, *Skål*. When a friend is going to a party or some other entertainment you say, "Have a good time"—*Nyd det*. "Have a good trip" is *God rejse*, and "Good luck" is *Held og lykke*.

Certain idiomatic expressions can be used as informal greetings such as "How goes it?"—*Hvordan skær den?* which literally means, "How does it cut?" The reply might be, "I'm not complaining"—*Jeg klager ikke*. "What's new?" is *Er der noget nyt?* "What's happening?" or "What's going on?" is *Hvad er der sket?* and "Goodbye" is *Farvel* or, more informally, ~~Bye~~ **HES HES**.

Danish belongs to the same language group as English, German, Dutch, Swedish, Norwegian, Icelandic, and several others. You will find as you learn more and more Danish that there are hundreds of words that are almost the same as English. All you have to do is to get used to the Danish pronunciation and different spelling. Listen to and read the following words and see how easy it is to recognize them. This time we will not give you their English meanings but will pause after each word to give you time to repeat it in Danish.

Arm *finger* *hånd* *glas* *regn*
te *cocktail* *kat* *park* *garage*
automobile *hotel* *restaurant* *sport*

Did you understand them all? *Det er meget godt*—which means "That is very good". You see, you already have a head start in Danish!

APPENDIX

ENGLISH	DANISH
IMPORTANT SIGNS	
<i>Bridge</i>	Bro
<i>Careful</i>	Forsigtig
<i>Caution</i>	Forsigtig
<i>Closed</i>	Lukket
<i>Crossroad</i>	Vejkryds
<i>Danger</i>	Fare
<i>Dangerous curve</i>	Farligt vejsving
<i>Dead end</i>	Lukket vej
<i>Detour</i>	Omkørsel
<i>Do not enter</i>	Al indkørsel forbudt
<i>Emergency exit</i>	Nødudgang
<i>Entrance</i>	Indgang
<i>Exit</i>	Udgang
<i>First-aid station</i>	Nødhjælp
<i>Go slow</i>	Langsom kørsel
<i>Keep out</i>	Uvedkommende forbydes adgang
<i>Keep to left</i>	Hold til venstre
<i>Keep to right</i>	Hold til højre
<i>Lavatory</i>	W. C.
<i>Left turn</i>	Venstresving
<i>Main road ahead</i>	Hovedvej forude
<i>Men</i>	Mænd
<i>No admittance</i>	Adgang forbudt
<i>No animal-drawn traffic</i>	Hestekøretøjer forbudt
<i>No motor vehicles</i>	Kørsel forbudt for alle motorkøretøjer
<i>No parking</i>	Parkering forbudt

<i>ENGLISH</i>	<i>DANISH</i>
<i>No smoking</i>	Rygning forbudt
<i>No vehicles</i>	Kørsel forbudt
<i>No waiting</i>	Standning forbudt
<i>One-way street</i>	Ensrettet færdsel
<i>Overpass</i>	Viadukt
<i>Parking</i>	Parkering
<i>Railroad</i>	Jernbane
<i>Railroad crossing</i>	Jernbaneoverskæring
<i>Right turn</i>	Højresving
<i>Sharp turn</i>	Farligt vejsving
<i>Speed limit</i>	Begrænset hastighed
<i>Subway</i>	S Tog
<i>Take either route</i>	Valgfri kørebane
<i>This way</i>	Denne vej
<i>Tunnel</i>	Tunnel
<i>Underpass</i>	Viadukt
<i>Weight limit 5 tons</i>	Begrænset totalvægt 5 tons
<i>Women</i>	Damer